



Precision Frameworks

Measuring for a Classic Frame

The correct size of the **Classic Frame** measurement should be the Outside Dimensions of the width and height of the frame.

Check to see if the selected profile will clear light globes, faucet stems, etc. If not, a thinner profile must be considered, or the frame location must be adjusted. Check to see if there are any obstacles on side walls that will obstruct frame installation. Medicine cabinets for example.

Framed mirrors look best when they are not installed wall to wall. Leave some wall showing on both sides of the framed mirror.

Due to the weight of the mirror when installing larger frames, it is suggested to install the **Classic Frame** resting on the backsplash of the vanity top. When installing a larger **Classic Frame** and it is not resting on the backsplash, using an E-Z hang bar offers extra support for the mirror and frame.

STANDARD CLASSIC FRAME MEASURING DIRECTIONS

Decide where on the wall to put the framed mirror in relation to the sink or sinks, lighting fixtures, and the vanity top. There are many ways to decorate with framed mirrors, but here are several choices. A framed mirror a few inches smaller than the vanity top is one option or you can center a framed mirror over the sink.

Once the location and a framed mirror option are chosen, mark the wall and measure for the width and the height of the outside dimension of the frame. Order the frame by profile number and the width x height outside dimension.

Example A

A 60" long vanity top with one sink. The lighting fixture is placed so a 40" tall frame fits under the fixture. The choices are:

1. One frame approximately 28" x 40" that is hung above the backsplash.

2. One frame approximately 58" x 40" that is installed resting on the backsplash of the vanity or hung above the backsplash.

Example B

An 80" long vanity top with two sinks. The lighting fixtures are placed so a 40" tall frame fits under the fixtures. The choices are:

1. Two frames approximately 28" x 40" that are hung above the backsplash.
2. One frame approximately 78" x 40" that is installed resting on the back splash of the vanity or hung above the backsplash.

Example C

Two vanity tops meeting in a corner of the room and each vanity includes one sink. The vanities are 72" on one wall and 56" on the other. The lighting fixtures are placed so a 40" tall frame fits under the fixture. The choices are:

1. Two frames 28" x 40" each and hung above the backsplash.
2. Two large frames, one approximately 68" x 40" and the other approximately 52" x 40". Both frames installed resting on the backsplash of the vanity or hung above the backsplash.

MEASURING FOR THE CLASSIC FRAME MIRROR SIZE

Formula: To calculate the mirror size, double the width of the frame profile. Then subtract that number from the outside width and height of the frame. Finally, add 3/8" to the width and to the height for the final mirror size.

Example — Measuring Mirror

The frame has an outside dimension of 28" x 40" and a profile width of 1 7/8". The profile width doubled is 3 3/4" (1 7/8" x 2 = 3 3/4"). Subtracting 3 3/4" from 28" leaves 24 1/4". Add a 3/8" to that number making the mirror width **24 5/8"**. Repeat for the height. Subtracting 3 3/4" from 40" leaves 36 1/4". Add a 3/8" to that number making the mirror width **36 5/8"**. **The final mirror size is 24 5/8" x 36 5/8"**.